

University of Kentucky

Prepared 2022-08-08 IPEDS: 157085



About This Report

About Your Engagement Indicators Report

Engagement Indicators (EIs) provide a useful summary of the detailed information contained in your students' NSSE responses. By combining responses to related NSSE questions, each EI offers valuable information about a distinct aspect of student engagement. Ten indicators, based on three to eight survey questions each (a total of 47 survey questions), are organized into four broad themes as shown at right. The specific items within each EI are listed below, starting on page 5.

Theme	Engagement Indicator
	Higher-Order Learning
Academic Challenge	Reflective & Integrative Learning
	Learning Strategies
	Quantitative Reasoning
Lograing with Books	Collaborative Learning
Learning with Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others
Experiences with Faculty	Student-Faculty Interaction
Experiences with ruculty	Effective Teaching Practices
Campus Environment	Quality of Interactions
Campus Environment	Supportive Environment

Report Sections

Overview (p. 3)

Displays how average EI scores for your students compare with those of students at your comparison group institutions.

Theme Reports (pp. 4-13)

Detailed views of EI scores within the four themes for your students and those at comparison group institutions. Three views offer varied insights into your EI scores:

Mean Comparisons

Straightforward comparisons of average scores between your students and those at comparison group institutions, with tests of significance and effect sizes (see below).

Score Distributions

Box-and-whisker charts show the variation in scores within your institution and comparison groups.

Performance on Indicator Items

Responses to each item in a given EI are summarized for your institution and comparison groups.

Comparisons with High-Performing Institutions (p. 15) Comparisons of your students' average scores on each EI with those of students at institutions whose average scores were in the top 50% and top 10% of 2021 and 2022 participating institutions.

Detailed Statistics (pp. 16-19)

Detailed information about EI score means, distributions, and tests of statistical significance.

Interpreting Comparisons

Mean comparisons report both statistical significance and effect size. Effect size indicates the practical importance of an observed difference. For EI comparisons, NSSE research has concluded that an effect size of about .1 may be considered small, .3 medium, and .5 large (Rocconi & Gonyea, 2018). Comparisons with an effect size of at least .3 in magnitude (before rounding) are highlighted in the Overview (p. 3).

Els vary more among students within an institution than between institutions, like many experiences and outcomes in higher education. As a result, focusing attention on average scores alone amounts to examining the tip of the iceberg. It's equally important to understand how student engagement varies within your institution. Score distributions indicate how El scores vary among your students and those in your comparison groups. Your NSSE Tableau dashboards and Report Builder (released in the fall) offer valuable perspectives on internal variation and help you investigate your students' engagement in depth.

How Engagement Indicators are Computed

Each EI is scored on a 60-point scale. To produce an indicator score, the response set for each item is converted to a 60-point scale (e.g., Never = 0; Sometimes = 20; Often = 40; Very often = 60), and the rescaled items are averaged. Thus a score of zero means a student responded at the bottom of the scale for every item in the EI, while a score of 60 indicates responses at the top of the scale on every item.

For more information on EIs and their psychometric properties, refer to the NSSE website: nsse.indiana.edu

Rocconi, L.M., & Gonyea, R.M. (2018). Contextualizing effect sizes in the National Survey of Student Engagement: An empirical analysis. Research & Practice in Assessment, 13 (Summer/Fall), pp. 22-38.



Overview University of Kentucky

Engagement Indicators: Overview

Engagement Indicators are summary measures based on sets of NSSE questions examining key dimensions of student engagement. The ten indicators are organized within four broad themes: Academic Challenge, Learning with Peers, Experiences with Faculty, and Campus Environment. The tables below compare average scores for your students with those in your comparison groups. Use the following key:

- **Your students' average** was significantly higher (p < .05) with an effect size at least .3 in magnitude.
- \triangle Your students' average was significantly higher (p < .05) with an effect size less than .3 in magnitude.
- -- No significant difference.
- ∇ Your students' average was significantly lower (p < .05) with an effect size less than .3 in magnitude.
- **Vour students' average** was significantly lower (p < .05) with an effect size at least .3 in magnitude.

Note: It is important to interpret the direction of differences relative to your institutional context. You may not see all of these symbols in your report.

rst-Year Stu	dents	Your first-year students compared with	Your first-year students compared with	Your first-year student compared with
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Nat'l Public R1/R2s	Nat'l Public R1s	SE Public R1s
	Higher-Order Learning	Δ	Δ	Δ
Academic	Reflective & Integrative Learning	\triangle	\triangle	Δ
Challenge	Learning Strategies	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle
	Quantitative Reasoning		Δ	
Learning with	Collaborative Learning		A	
Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others	Δ	Δ	Δ
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction		A	
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices	Δ	Δ	Δ
Campus	Quality of Interactions	Δ	A	Δ
Environment	Supportive Environment	Δ		Δ
eniors		Your seniors compared with	Your seniors compared with	Your seniors compared with
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Nat'l Public R1/R2s	Nat'l Public R1s	SE Public R1s
	Higher-Order Learning			
Academic	Reflective & Integrative Learning	\triangle	\triangle	\triangle
Challenge	Learning Strategies	\triangle	\triangle	
	Quantitative Reasoning	Δ	Δ	Δ
Learning with	Collaborative Learning	Δ	Δ	Δ
Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others	Δ	Δ	Δ
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction	Δ	A	Δ
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices	Δ	Δ	Δ
Campus	Quality of Interactions	Δ	Δ	Δ
Environment	Supportive Environment	\triangle	\wedge	\wedge



Academic Challenge University of Kentucky

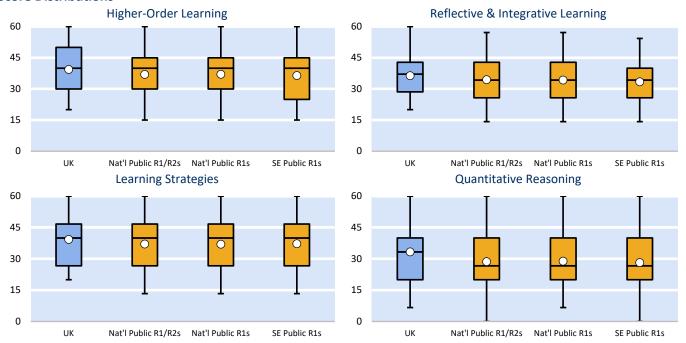
Academic Challenge: First-year students

Challenging intellectual and creative work is central to student learning and collegiate quality. Colleges and universities promote student learning by challenging and supporting them to engage in various forms of deep learning. Four Engagement Indicators are part of this theme: *Higher-Order Learning, Reflective & Integrative Learning, Learning Strategies*, and *Quantitative Reasoning*. Below and on the next page are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons		Your f	irst-year students compared v	vith
	UK	Nat'l Public R1/R2s Effect	Nat'l Public R1s Effect	SE Public R1s Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean size	Mean size	Mean size
Higher-Order Learning	39.4	37.1 *** .18	37.1 *** .17	36.5 *** .21
Reflective & Integrative Learning	36.4	34.5 *** .15	34.4 *** .17	33.5 *** .24
Learning Strategies	39.3	37.0 *** .16	37.0 *** .17	37.2 *** .15
Quantitative Reasoning	33.3	28.6 *** .31	28.9 *** .29	28.2 *** .34

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.



Academic Challenge University of Kentucky

Academic Challenge: First-year students (continued)

Performance on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		•	ır FY students and	
Higher-Order Learning	UK	Nat'l Public R1/R2s	Nat'l Public R1s	SE Public R1s
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much coursework emphasized	%			
4b. Applying facts, theories, or methods to practical problems or new situations	76	+8	+7	+8
4c. Analyzing an idea, experience, or line of reasoning in depth by examining its parts	73	+6	+5	+7
4d. Evaluating a point of view, decision, or information source	72	+5	+5	+7
4e. Forming a new idea or understanding from various pieces of information	73	+5	+6	+7
Reflective & Integrative Learning				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments	59	+10	+10	+13
2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues	55	+6	+6	+9
Included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course 2c. discussions or assignments	58	+7	+8	+11
2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue	67	+4	+5	+7
Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from his or her perspective	72	+3	+4	+6
2f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept	70	+6	+6	+9
2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge	76	+1	+0	+2
Learning Strategies				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
9a. Identified key information from reading assignments	73	+3	+3	+5
9b. Reviewed your notes after class	71	+7	+7	+5
9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials	71	+9	+9	+8
Quantitative Reasoning				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.)	63	+10	+8	+9
Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, 6b. climate change, public health, etc.)	54	+12	+12	+15
6c. Evaluated what others have concluded from numerical information	55	+14	+13	+16

a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage—Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.



Academic Challenge University of Kentucky

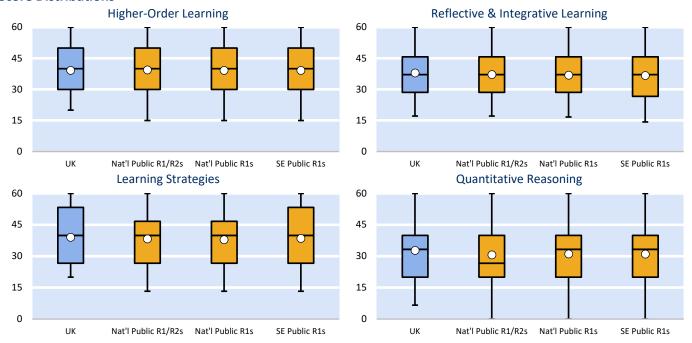
Academic Challenge: Seniors

Challenging intellectual and creative work is central to student learning and collegiate quality. Colleges and universities promote student learning by challenging and supporting them to engage in various forms of deep learning. Four Engagement Indicators are part of this theme: *Higher-Order Learning, Reflective & Integrative Learning, Learning Strategies*, and *Quantitative Reasoning*. Below and on the next page are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

lean Comparisons				Your seniors comp	pared with		
	UK	Nat'l Public R1/R2s Effect		Nat'l Public R1s Effect		SE Public R1s Effec	
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size
Higher-Order Learning	39.2	39.4	02	39.2	.00	39.2	.00
Reflective & Integrative Learning	37.9	37.2 *	.06	36.9 ***	.08	36.8 ***	.09
Learning Strategies	39.1	38.2 *	.05	37.8 ***	.08	38.5	.04
Quantitative Reasoning	32.8	30.7 ***	.13	31.0 ***	.10	31.0 ***	.10

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions



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Academic Challenge University of Kentucky

Academic Challenge: Seniors (continued)

Performance on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

comparison group. Dark red bars indicate now much lower your institute	on a percent	Percentage point difference ^a between your seniors and			
Higher-Order Learning	UK	Nat'l Public	SE Public R1s		
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much coursework emphasized		KI/KZ3	Nat'l Public R1s	3E FUDIIC KIS	
	%	+2	+3	+3	
4b. Applying facts, theories, or methods to practical problems or new situations	78	72	+5	+5	
4c. Analyzing an idea, experience, or line of reasoning in depth by examining its parts	73	-0	-0	-0	
4d. Evaluating a point of view, decision, or information source	67	-2	-0	-0	
4e. Forming a new idea or understanding from various pieces of information	70	-1	-0	+1	
Reflective & Integrative Learning					
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"					
2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments	72	+7	+7	+7	
2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues	61	+3	+4	+5	
Included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course 2c. discussions or assignments	55	+4	+5	+6	
2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue	66	+1	+2	+3	
Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from his or her perspective	71	-0	+1	+1	
2f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept	70	+1	+1	+3	
2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge	81	+0	+0	+1	
Learning Strategies					
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"					
9a. Identified key information from reading assignments	73	-1	-0	-0	
9b. Reviewed your notes after class	66	+3	+4	+2	
9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials	68	+3	+4	+2	
Quantitative Reasoning					
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"					
Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.)	61	+4	+3	+3	
Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, climate change, public health, etc.)	52	+5	+5	+5	
6c. Evaluated what others have concluded from numerical information	53	+6	+5	+6	

a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage—Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.



Learning with Peers University of Kentucky

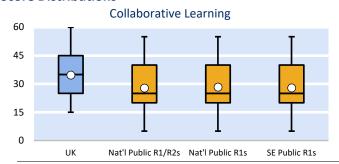
Learning with Peers: First-year students

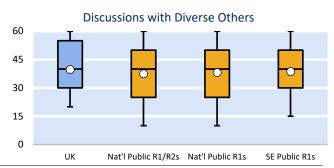
Collaborating with others in mastering difficult material and interacting with peers from different backgrounds prepares students to deal with complex, unscripted problems they will encounter during and after college. Two Engagement Indicators make up this theme: *Collaborative Learning* and *Discussions with Diverse Others*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons		Your f	first-year students compared v	vith
	UK	Nat'l Public R1/R2s Effect	Nat'l Public R1s Effect	SE Public R1s Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean size	Mean size	Mean size
Collaborative Learning	34.6	27.7 *** .48	28.3 *** .44	27.9 *** .47
Discussions with Diverse Others	39.8	37.4 *** .15	38.1 *** .10	38.6 ** .07

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions





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Performance on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage point difference $^{\it a}$ between your FY students and			
		Nat'l Public			
Collaborative Learning	UK	R1/R2s	Nat'l Public R1s	SE Public R1s	
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%				
1b. Asked another student to help you understand course material	55	+13	+11	+12	
1c. Explained course material to one or more students	57	+12	+11	+11	
1d. Prepared for exams by discussing or working through course material with other students	56	+20	+18	+20	
1e. Worked with other students on course projects or assignments	64	+21	+20	+23	
Discussions with Diverse Others					
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" had discussions with					
8a. People of a race or ethnicity other than your own	71	+5	+3	+3	
8b. People from an economic background other than your own	73	+7	+6	+5	
8c. People with religious beliefs other than your own	67	+4	+2	+2	
8d. People with political views other than your own	69	+9	+8	+3	

a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage—Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.



Learning with Peers University of Kentucky

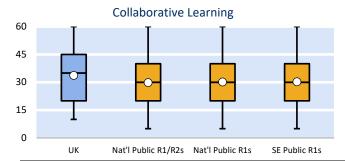
Learning with Peers: Seniors

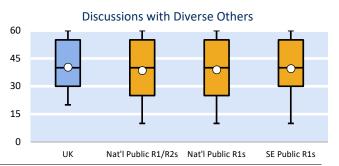
Collaborating with others in mastering difficult material and interacting with peers from different backgrounds prepares students to deal with complex, unscripted problems they will encounter during and after college. Two Engagement Indicators make up this theme: *Collaborative Learning* and *Discussions with Diverse Others*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons		Your seniors compared with				
	UK	Nat'l Public R1/R2s Effect	Nat'l Public R1s Effect	SE Public R1s Effect		
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean size	Mean size	Mean size		
Collaborative Learning	33.8	29.9 *** .25	30.2 *** .23	30.4 *** .22		
Discussions with Diverse Others	40.3	38.5 *** .11	38.9 *** .09	39.6 * .05		

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

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Performance on Indicator Items

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		Percentage point difference ^a between your seniors and			
		Nat'l Public			
Collaborative Learning	UK	R1/R2s	Nat'l Public R1s	SE Public R1s	
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%				
1b. Asked another student to help you understand course material	49	+8	+8	+8	
1c. Explained course material to one or more students	58	+8	+7	+7	
1d. Prepared for exams by discussing or working through course material with other students	50	+12	+11	+10	
1e. Worked with other students on course projects or assignments	65	+7	+6	+6	
Discussions with Diverse Others					
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" had discussions with					
8a. People of a race or ethnicity other than your own	70	+1	+0	F -0	
8b. People from an economic background other than your own	74	+5	+4	+3	
8c. People with religious beliefs other than your own	68	+3	+3	+3	
8d. People with political views other than your own	72	+10	+10	+6	

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Experiences with Faculty University of Kentucky

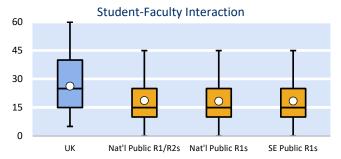
Experiences with Faculty: First-year students

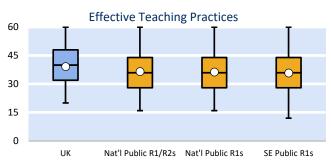
Students learn firsthand how experts think about and solve problems by interacting with faculty members inside and outside of instructional settings. As a result, faculty become role models, mentors, and guides for lifelong learning. In addition, effective teaching requires that faculty deliver course material and provide feedback in student-centered ways. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Student-Faculty Interaction* and *Effective Teaching Practices*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons		You	ur first-year students compared v	vith
	UK	Nat'l Public R1/R2s Effect	Nat'l Public R1s Effect	SE Public R1s Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean size	Mean size	Mean size
Student-Faculty Interaction	26.3	18.6 *** .53	18.3 *** .56	18.4 *** .56
Effective Teaching Practices	39.2	36.5 *** .20	36.2 *** .22	35.8 *** .25

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

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		Percentage point difference ^a between your FY students and			
		Nat'l Public			
Student-Faculty Interaction	UK	R1/R2s	Nat'l Public R1s	SE Public R1s	
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%				
3a. Talked about career plans with a faculty member	48	+16	+17	+16	
3b. Worked w/faculty on activities other than coursework (committees, student groups, etc.)	33	+15	+16	+17	
3c. Discussed course topics, ideas, or concepts with a faculty member outside of class	36	+14	+15	+16	
3d. Discussed your academic performance with a faculty member	41	+16	+17	+17	
Effective Teaching Practices					
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much instructors have					
5a. Clearly explained course goals and requirements	76	+2	+2	+3	
5b. Taught course sessions in an organized way	77	+8	+7	+8	
5c. Used examples or illustrations to explain difficult points	76	+7	+6	+7	
5d. Provided feedback on a draft or work in progress	67	+9	+10	+12	
5e. Provided prompt and detailed feedback on tests or completed assignments	63	+10	+12	+13	

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Experiences with Faculty University of Kentucky

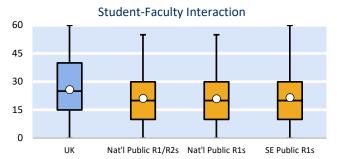
Experiences with Faculty: Seniors

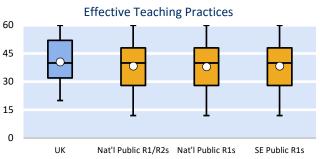
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Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean size	Mean size	Mean size	
Student-Faculty Interaction	25.8	21.1 *** .29	20.9 *** .31	21.5 *** .26	
Effective Teaching Practices	40.5	38.2 *** .16	37.9 *** .18	38.2 *** .16	

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		Percentage point difference ^a between your seniors and					
		Nat'l Public					
Student-Faculty Interaction	UK	R1/R2s	Nat'l Public R1s	SE Public R1s			
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%			_			
3a. Talked about career plans with a faculty member	46	+10	+11	+9			
3b. Worked w/faculty on activities other than coursework (committees, student groups, etc.)	34	+10	+10	+10			
3c. Discussed course topics, ideas, or concepts with a faculty member outside of class	37	+10	+10	+10			
3d. Discussed your academic performance with a faculty member	35	+7	+8	+6			
Effective Teaching Practices							
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much instructors have							
5a. Clearly explained course goals and requirements	81	+4	+4	+5			
5b. Taught course sessions in an organized way	79	+6	+6	+6			
5c. Used examples or illustrations to explain difficult points	79	+6	+5	+6			
5d. Provided feedback on a draft or work in progress	64	+5	+6	+5			
5e. Provided prompt and detailed feedback on tests or completed assignments	67	+8	+9	+8			

a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage - Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.



Campus Environment University of Kentucky

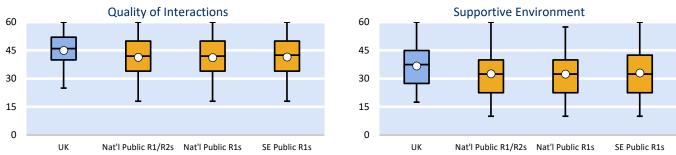
Campus Environment: First-year students

Students benefit and are more satisfied in supportive settings that cultivate positive relationships among students, faculty, and staff. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Quality of Interactions* and *Supportive Environment*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons		Your first-year students compared with									
	UK	Nat'l Public R1/R2s	Nat'l Public R1s	SE Public R1s							
		Effect	Effect	Effect							
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean size	Mean size	Mean size							
Quality of Interactions	45.0	41.3 *** .30	41.2 *** .31	41.5 *** .29							
Supportive Environment	36.8	32.7 *** .30	32.4 *** .32	33.1 *** .27							

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.

Performance on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage point difference ^a between your FY students and					
		Nat'l Public					
Quality of Interactions	UK	R1/R2s	Nat'l Public R1s	SE Public R1s			
Percentage rating their interactions a 6 or 7 (on a scale from 1="Poor" to 7="Excellent") with	%			_			
13a. Students	57	+11	+10	+9			
13b. Academic advisors	61	+9	+9	+7 📜			
13c. Faculty	51	+4	+5	+5 📜			
13d. Student services staff (career services, student activities, housing, etc.)	52	+8	+9	+7 📜			
13e. Other administrative staff and offices (registrar, financial aid, etc.)	48	+7	+9	+8			
Supportive Environment		·					
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much the institution emphasized							
14b. Providing support to help students succeed academically	74	+6	+6	+5 📕			
14c. Using learning support services (tutoring services, writing center, etc.)	75	+5	+5	+3			
14d. Encouraging contact among students from diff. backgrounds (soc., racial/eth., relig., etc.)	61	+5	+5	+6			
14e. Providing opportunities to be involved socially	75	+13	+13	+11			
14f. Providing support for your overall well-being (recreation, health care, counseling, etc.)	72	+10	+10	+9			
14g. Helping you manage your non-academic responsibilities (work, family, etc.)	51	+16	+18	+19			
14h. Attending campus activities and events (performing arts, athletic events, etc.)	73	+17	+15	+12			
14i. Attending events that address important social, economic, or political issues	51	+10	+11	+11			

a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage—Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.



Campus Environment University of Kentucky

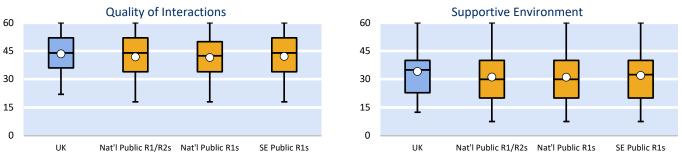
Campus Environment: Seniors

Students benefit and are more satisfied in supportive settings that cultivate positive relationships among students, faculty, and staff. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Quality of Interactions* and *Supportive Environment*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons		Your seniors compared with									
	UK	Nat'l Public R1/R2s	Nat'l Public R1s	SE Public R1s							
		Effect	Effect	Effect							
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean size	Mean size	Mean size							
Quality of Interactions	43.6	41.9 *** .13	41.6 *** .16	42.2 *** .11							
Supportive Environment	34.2	31.2 *** .20	31.1 *** .21	32.1 *** .14							

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.

Performance on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage point difference ^a between your seniors and					
		Nat'l Public					
Quality of Interactions	UK	R1/R2s	Nat'l Public R1s	SE Public R1s			
Percentage rating their interactions a 6 or 7 (on a scale from 1="Poor" to 7="Excellent") with	%						
13a. Students	60	+4	+5	+2			
13b. Academic advisors	56	+5	+5 📜	+4 🚪			
13c. Faculty	54	+2	+3	+1			
13d. Student services staff (career services, student activities, housing, etc.)	46	+2	+3	+1			
13e. Other administrative staff and offices (registrar, financial aid, etc.)	44	+1	+3	+0			
Supportive Environment			•				
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much the institution emphasized							
14b. Providing support to help students succeed academically	70	+5	+6	+5 📱			
14c. Using learning support services (tutoring services, writing center, etc.)	68	+6	+7	+4			
14d. Encouraging contact among students from diff. backgrounds (soc., racial/eth., relig., etc.)	57	+4	+5	+4			
14e. Providing opportunities to be involved socially	71	+10	+9	+7			
14f. Providing support for your overall well-being (recreation, health care, counseling, etc.)	65	+7	+8	+5			
14g. Helping you manage your non-academic responsibilities (work, family, etc.)	37	+6	+8	+6			
14h. Attending campus activities and events (performing arts, athletic events, etc.)	66	+13	+10	+7			
14i. Attending events that address important social, economic, or political issues	43	+4	+5	+4			

a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage—Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.

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Comparisons with High-Performing Institutions University of Kentucky

Comparisons with Top 50% and Top 10% Institutions

While NSSE's policy is not to rank institutions (see **go.iu.edu/NSSE-PnP**), the results below are designed to compare the engagement of your students with those attending two groups of institutions identified by NSSE a for their high average levels of student engagement:

- (a) institutions with average scores placing them in the top 50% of all 2021 and 2022 NSSE institutions, and
- (b) institutions with average scores placing them in the top 10% of all 2021 and 2022 NSSE institutions.

While the average scores for most institutions are below the mean for the top 50% or top 10%, your institution may show areas of distinction where your average student was as engaged as (or even more engaged than) the typical student at high-performing institutions. A check mark (\checkmark) signifies those comparisons where your average score was at least comparable to that of the high-performing group. However, the presence of a check mark does not necessarily mean that your institution was a member of that group.

It should be noted that most of the variability in student engagement is within, not between, institutions. Even "high-performing" institutions have students with engagement levels below the average for all institutions.

First-Year	Students		Your first-year students compared with								
		UK	NSSE T	op 50%	NSSE T	op 10%					
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	Effect size ✓	Mean	Effect size	\checkmark				
	Higher-Order Learning	39.4	39.2	.02 ✓	42.1 ***	20					
Academic	Reflective and Integrative Learning	36.4	36.9	04 ✓	39.2 ***	24					
Challenge	Learning Strategies	39.3	39.6	02 ✓	42.9 ***	26					
	Quantitative Reasoning	33.3	30.1 ***	.21 ✓	33.3	.00	✓				
Learning	Collaborative Learning	34.6	31.8 ***	.20 ✓	35.5 *	06					
with Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others	39.8	39.8	.00 ✓	42.6 ***	20					
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction	26.3	24.3 ***	.13 ✓	28.1 ***	12					
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices	39.2	40.3 **	08	43.3 ***	30					
Campus	Quality of Interactions	45.0	45.1	01 ✓	48.2 ***	26					
Environment	Supportive Environment	36.8	35.9 *	.06 ✓	39.1 ***	17					
Seniors				Your seniors co	ompared with						
		UK	NSSE T	op 50%	NSSE Top 10%						
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	Effect size ✓	Mean	Effect size	\checkmark				
	Higher-Order Learning	39.2	41.9 ***	20	44.2 ***	38					
Academic	Reflective and Integrative Learning	37.9	40.3 ***	19	42.7 ***	40					
Challenge	Learning Strategies	39.1	41.1 ***	14	43.4 ***	31					
	Quantitative Reasoning	32.8	32.4	.02 ✓	35.3 ***	16					
Learning	Collaborative Learning	33.8	34.0	02 ✓	37.9 ***	29					
with Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others	40.3	40.4	.00 ✓	43.2 ***	19					
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction	25.8	28.8 ***	18	33.2 ***	46					
with Faculty	•	40.5	42.0 ***	10	44.5 ***	29					
Campus	Quality of Interactions	43.6	45.7 ***	17	48.0 ***	35					

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

34.2

34.3

.00

Environment Supportive Environment

a. Precision-weighted means were used to determine the top 50% and top 10% institutions for each Engagement Indicator from all NSSE 2021 and 2022 institutions, separately by class. Using this method, Engagement Indicator scores of institutions with relatively large standard errors were adjusted toward the mean of all students, while those with smaller standard errors received smaller corrections. As a result, schools with less stable data—even those with high average scores—may not be among the top scorers. NSSE does not publish the names of the top 50% and top 10% institutions because of our commitment not to release institutional results and our policy against ranking institutions.

b. Check marks are assigned to comparisons that are either positive or non-significant with an effect size > -.10.



Detailed Statistics^a University of Kentucky

Detailed Statistics: First-Year Students

	Mea	n statisti	cs		Perce	ntile ^d sco	ores		Co	mparison	results	
	Mean	SD ^b	SE ^c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	Deg. of freedom ^e	Mean diff.	Sig. ^f	Effect size ^g
Academic Challenge	Weun	30	JL	501	23111	30111	7501	95(11	jrecuom	uijj.	Sig.	3120
Higher-Order Learning												
UK (N = 1334)	39.4	13.2	.36	20	30	40	50	60				
Nat'l Public R1/R2s	37.1	13.5	.04	15	30	40	45	60	1,369	2.4	.000	.178
Nat'l Public R1s	37.1	13.5	.05	15	30	40	45	60	1,394	2.3	.000	.170
SE Public R1s	36.5	13.7	.09	15	25	40	45	60	1,506	2.9	.000	.214
Top 50%	39.2	13.7	.04	20	30	40	50	60	129,937	.2	.581	.015
Top 10%	42.1	13.0	.11	20	35	40	55	60	15,631	-2.6	.000	200
10p 1070	72.1	13.0	.11	20	33	40	33	00	13,031	2.0	.000	.200
Reflective & Integrative Learni	ng											
UK $(N = 1379)$	36.4	12.4	.33	20	29	37	43	60				
Nat'l Public R1/R2s	34.5	12.2	.04	14	26	34	43	57	113,386	1.9	.000	.154
Nat'l Public R1s	34.4	12.2	.05	14	26	34	43	57	67,602	2.0	.000	.167
SE Public R1s	33.5	12.3	.08	14	26	34	40	54	26,595	2.9	.000	.238
Top 50%	36.9	12.1	.03	17	29	37	46	60	130,244	5	.116	043
Top 10%	39.2	11.8	.09	20	31	40	49	60	19,103	-2.8	.000	238
La comita a Charata aire												
Learning Strategies UK (N = 1297)	39.3	13.7	.38	20	27	40	47	60				
Nat'l Public R1/R2s	37.0	13.7	.04	13	27	40	47	60	1,332	2.2	.000	.161
Nat'l Public R1s	37.0	13.9	.06	13	27	40	47	60	1,357	2.3	.000	.168
SE Public R1s	37.0	13.9	.10	13	27	40	47	60	1,357	2.3	.000	.150
		13.9	.10	20	27	40	53	60	1,326	3	.461	020
Top 50% Top 10%	39.6 42.9	14.1	.10	20	33	40	53 60	60	1,326 1,471	s -3.7	.000	020
10p 1070	42.9	14.3	.10	20	33	40	00	00	1,4/1	-3.7	.000	230
Quantitative Reasoning												
UK $(N = 1306)$	33.3	15.0	.41	7	20	33	40	60				
Nat'l Public R1/R2s	28.6	15.1	.05	0	20	27	40	60	98,398	4.7	.000	.311
Nat'l Public R1s	28.9	15.0	.06	7	20	27	40	60	58,394	4.4	.000	.295
SE Public R1s	28.2	15.1	.10	0	20	27	40	60	22,389	5.1	.000	.341
Top 50%	30.1	15.3	.04	7	20	27	40	60	1,332	3.2	.000	.205
Top 10%	33.3	15.6	.12	7	20	33	40	60	1,539	.0	.968	.001
Learning with Peers												
Collaborative Learning												
UK (N = 1404)	34.6	14.1	.38	15	25	35	45	60				
Nat'l Public R1/R2s	27.7	14.5	.04	5	20	25	40	55	123,343	6.9	.000	.476
Nat'l Public R1s	28.3	14.4	.05	5	20	25	40	55	74,020	6.3	.000	.440
SE Public R1s	27.9	14.3	.08	5	20	25	40	55	29,900	6.8	.000	.473
Top 50%	31.8	13.8	.04	10	20	30	40	60	120,416	2.8	.000	.204
Top 10%	35.5	13.5	.09	15	25	35	45	60	1,584	9	.024	065
Discussions with Diverse Other												
UK (N = 1300)	39.8	15.0	.42	20	30	40	55	60				
Nat'l Public R1/R2s	37.4	15.9	.05	10	25	40	50	60	1,339	2.3	.000	.147
Nat'l Public R1s	38.1	15.6	.07	10	25	40	50	60	1,364	1.6	.000	.105
SE Public R1s	38.6	15.6	.11	15	30	40	50	60	1,479	1.1	.008	.073
Top 50%	39.8	15.1	.05	15	30	40	55	60	109,209	1	.865	005
Top 10%	42.6	14.2	.12	20	35	40	55	60	15,452	-2.8	.000	197



Detailed Statistics^a University of Kentucky

Detailed Statistics: First-Year Students

	Mea	n statisti	cs		Perce	ntile ^d sco	ores		Со	mparison	results	
									Deg. of	Mean		Effect
	Mean	SD b	SE c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	freedom ^e	diff.	Sig. ^f	size ^g
Experiences with Faculty												
Student-Faculty Interaction												
UK $(N = 1354)$	26.3	16.0	.43	5	15	25	40	60				
Nat'l Public R1/R2s	18.6	14.3	.04	0	10	15	25	45	1,380	7.6	.000	.531
Nat'l Public R1s	18.3	14.2	.06	0	10	15	25	45	1,398	7.9	.000	.558
SE Public R1s	18.4	13.9	.09	0	10	15	25	45	1,472	7.8	.000	.559
Top 50%	24.3	15.1	.06	5	15	20	35	55	1,404	1.9	.000	.129
Top 10%	28.1	15.2	.15	5	15	25	40	60	1,708	-1.8	.000	117
Effective Teaching Practices												
UK $(N = 1344)$	39.2	13.2	.36	20	32	40	48	60				
Nat'l Public R1/R2s	36.5	13.5	.04	16	28	36	44	60	1,380	2.6	.000	.196
Nat'l Public R1s	36.2	13.3	.05	16	28	36	44	60	1,404	2.9	.000	.220
SE Public R1s	35.8	13.6	.09	12	28	36	44	60	1,516	3.4	.000	.248
Top 50%	40.3	13.8	.05	16	32	40	52	60	1,388	-1.2	.001	084
Top 10%	43.3	13.7	.11	20	36	44	56	60	1,628	-4.2	.000	304
Campus Environment												
Quality of Interactions												
UK $(N = 1224)$	45.0	10.6	.30	25	40	46	52	60				
Nat'l Public R1/R2s	41.3	12.4	.04	18	34	42	50	60	1,270	3.7	.000	.297
Nat'l Public R1s	41.2	12.2	.05	18	34	42	50	60	1,302	3.8	.000	.311
SE Public R1s	41.5	12.3	.09	18	34	43	50	60	1,443	3.5	.000	.286
Top 50%	45.1	12.0	.04	22	38	48	54	60	1,277	1	.720	009
Top 10%	48.2	12.5	.11	23	42	50	60	60	1,534	-3.2	.000	258
Supportive Environment												
UK $(N = 1273)$	36.8	13.3	.37	18	28	38	45	60				
Nat'l Public R1/R2s	32.7	13.9	.05	10	23	33	40	60	1,310	4.1	.000	.298
Nat'l Public R1s	32.4	13.6	.06	10	23	33	40	58	1,334	4.3	.000	.319
SE Public R1s	33.1	13.9	.10	10	23	33	43	60	1,451	3.7	.000	.269
Top 50%	35.9	13.6	.05	13	26	38	45	60	82,458	.9	.025	.063
Top 10%	39.1	13.3	.14	18	30	40	50	60	10,560	-2.3	.000	174

a. Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institutional size for comparison groups).

IPEDS: 157085

b. Standard deviation is a measure of the amount the individual scores deviate from the mean of all the scores in the distribution.

c. Standard error of the mean, used to compute a confidence interval (CI) around the sample mean. For example, the 95% CI (equal to the sample mean +/- 1.96 x SE) is the range that is 95% likely to contain the true population mean.

d. A percentile is the point in the distribution of student-level EI scores at or below which a given percentage of EI scores fall.

e. Degrees of freedom used to compute the t-tests. Values vary from the total Ns due to weighting and whether equal variances were assumed.

f. Statistical significance represents the probability that the difference between the mean of your institution and that of the comparison group occurred by chance.

g. Effect size is the mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.



Detailed Statistics^a University of Kentucky

Detailed Statistics: Seniors

	Mea	n statisti	cs		Perce	ntile ^d sco	ores			mparison	results	
	Mean	SD ^b	SE ^c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	Deg. of freedom ^e	Mean diff.	Sig. ^f	Effect size ^g
Academic Challenge	Wear			5.11	2501	30111	7501	33111	J. 22.2	35-	9-	
Higher-Order Learning												
UK $(N = 1859)$	39.2	13.6	.32	20	30	40	50	60				
Nat'l Public R1/R2s	39.4	14.1	.04	15	30	40	50	60	1,912	2	.486	016
Nat'l Public R1s	39.2	14.1	.05	15	30	40	50	60	1,949	.0	.981	.001
SE Public R1s	39.2	14.4	.08	15	30	40	50	60	2,125	.0	.907	003
Top 50%	41.9	13.7	.04	20	35	40	55	60	1,913	-2.7	.000	197
Top 10%	44.2	13.1	.12	20	35	45	60	60	13,621	-5.0	.000	383
Reflective & Integrative Learnin	ng											
UK $(N = 1948)$	37.9	12.9	.29	17	29	37	46	60				
Nat'l Public R1/R2s	37.2	13.2	.03	17	29	37	46	60	2,001	.7	.013	.056
Nat'l Public R1s	36.9	13.2	.04	17	29	37	46	60	2,039	1.1	.000	.080
SE Public R1s	36.8	13.5	.07	14	27	37	46	60	2,213	1.2	.000	.088
Top 50%	40.3	12.5	.04	20	31	40	50	60	117,786	-2.3	.000	186
Top 10%	42.7	11.7	.11	23	34	43	51	60	2,552	-4.8	.000	403
Learning Strategies												
UK $(N = 1798)$	39.1	14.2	.34	20	27	40	53	60				
Nat'l Public R1/R2s	38.2	14.8	.04	13	27	40	47	60	1,851	.8	.017	.055
Nat'l Public R1s	37.8	14.9	.05	13	27	40	47	60	1,890	1.2	.000	.082
SE Public R1s	38.5	15.1	.09	13	27	40	53	60	2,068	.5	.118	.036
Top 50%	41.1	14.6	.04	20	33	40	53	60	140,931	-2.0	.000	139
Top 10%	43.4	14.2	.09	20	33	40	60	60	25,268	-4.4	.000	309
Quantitative Reasoning												
UK $(N = 1803)$	32.8	16.2	.38	7	20	33	40	60				
Nat'l Public R1/R2s	30.7	16.5	.05	0	20	27	40	60	134,066	2.1	.000	.128
Nat'l Public R1s	31.0	16.5	.06	0	20	33	40	60	79,572	1.7	.000	.103
SE Public R1s	31.0	16.8	.10	0	20	33	40	60	2,060	1.7	.000	.104
Top 50%	32.4	16.5	.04	7	20	33	40	60	155,330	.3	.425	.019
Top 10%	35.3	16.0	.12	7	20	33	47	60	19,879	-2.6	.000	162
Learning with Peers												
Collaborative Learning												
UK $(N = 2000)$	33.8	15.2	.34	10	20	35	45	60				
Nat'l Public R1/R2s	29.9	15.7	.04	5	20	30	40	60	2,055	3.9	.000	.247
Nat'l Public R1s	30.2	15.7	.05	5	20	30	40	60	95,164	3.6	.000	.226
SE Public R1s	30.4	15.8	.08	5	20	30	40	60	2,255	3.4	.000	.217
Top 50%	34.0	14.6	.04	10	25	35	45	60	2,061	2	.486	016
Top 10%	37.9	13.7	.11	15	30	40	50	60	2,430	-4.1	.000	294
Discussions with Diverse Other	S											
UK $(N = 1798)$	40.3	15.2	.36	20	30	40	55	60				
Nat'l Public R1/R2s	38.5	16.5	.05	10	25	40	55	60	1,855	1.8	.000	.110
Nat'l Public R1s	38.9	16.2	.06	10	25	40	55	60	1,893	1.4	.000	.087
SE Public R1s	39.6	16.6	.10	10	30	40	55	60	2,082	.8	.036	.047
Top 50%	40.4	15.9	.04	15	30	40	55	60	1,848	.0	.896	003
Top 10%	43.2	15.1	.13	20	35	45	60	60	2,282	-2.9	.000	191



Detailed Statistics^a University of Kentucky

Detailed Statistics: Seniors

	Mean statistics				Perce	ntile ^d sco	ores		Comparison results			
	-			-					Deg. of	Mean		Effect
	Mean	SD ^b	SE c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	freedom ^e	diff.	Sig. ^f	size ^g
Experiences with Faculty												
Student-Faculty Interaction												
UK $(N = 1887)$	25.8	16.4	.38	0	15	25	40	60				
Nat'l Public R1/R2s	21.1	16.0	.04	0	10	20	30	55	144,894	4.7	.000	.291
Nat'l Public R1s	20.9	15.9	.05	0	10	20	30	55	1,966	4.9	.000	.309
SE Public R1s	21.5	16.3	.09	0	10	20	30	60	32,905	4.3	.000	.264
Top 50%	28.8	16.2	.07	5	15	25	40	60	62,230	-3.0	.000	184
Top 10%	33.2	16.1	.18	10	20	35	45	60	9,573	-7.5	.000	462
Effective Teaching Practices												
UK $(N = 1868)$	40.5	13.4	.31	20	32	40	52	60				
Nat'l Public R1/R2s	38.2	14.5	.04	12	28	40	48	60	1,927	2.3	.000	.157
Nat'l Public R1s	37.9	14.4	.05	12	28	40	48	60	1,967	2.6	.000	.183
SE Public R1s	38.2	14.8	.09	12	28	40	48	60	2,163	2.3	.000	.156
Top 50%	42.0	14.1	.04	16	32	40	56	60	1,946	-1.4	.000	103
Top 10%	44.5	13.6	.11	20	36	44	56	60	2,333	-4.0	.000	292
Campus Environment												
Quality of Interactions												
UK $(N = 1663)$	43.6	11.5	.28	22	36	44	52	60				
Nat'l Public R1/R2s	41.9	12.8	.04	18	34	44	52	60	1,721	1.7	.000	.130
Nat'l Public R1s	41.6	12.7	.05	18	34	43	50	60	1,760	2.0	.000	.156
SE Public R1s	42.2	12.9	.08	18	34	44	52	60	1,950	1.4	.000	.107
Top 50%	45.7	12.3	.04	22	38	48	56	60	1,722	-2.1	.000	169
Top 10%	48.0	12.5	.07	22	40	50	60	60	1,873	-4.4	.000	353
Supportive Environment												
UK $(N = 1777)$	34.2	13.8	.33	13	23	35	40	60				
Nat'l Public R1/R2s	31.2	14.5	.04	8	20	30	40	60	1,832	2.9	.000	.202
Nat'l Public R1s	31.1	14.4	.05	8	20	30	40	60	1,869	3.1	.000	.213
SE Public R1s	32.1	14.9	.09	8	20	33	40	60	2,058	2.1	.000	.142
Top 50%	34.3	14.7	.05	10	23	35	45	60	1,851	1	.826	005
Top 10%	37.4	14.5	.15	13	28	38	48	60	2,532	-3.2	.000	225

a. Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institutional size for comparison groups).

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b. Standard deviation is a measure of the amount the individual scores deviate from the mean of all the scores in the distribution.

c. Standard error of the mean, used to compute a confidence interval (CI) around the sample mean. For example, the 95% CI (equal to the sample mean \pm 1.96 x SE) is the range that is 95% likely to contain the true population mean.

d. A percentile is the point in the distribution of student-level EI scores at or below which a given percentage of EI scores fall.

e. Degrees of freedom used to compute the t-tests. Values vary from the total Ns due to weighting and whether equal variances were assumed.

f. Statistical significance represents the probability that the difference between the mean of your institution and that of the comparison group occurred by chance.

g. Effect size is the mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.